# An Evolving Crisis and Response: A View from SAMHSA

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# Learning Objectives:

 Briefly describe the current state of the overdose crisis

 Discuss at least 2 key federal actions being taken to address the overdose crisis

 Identify SAMHSA/CSAT's role and strategies for each of these actions



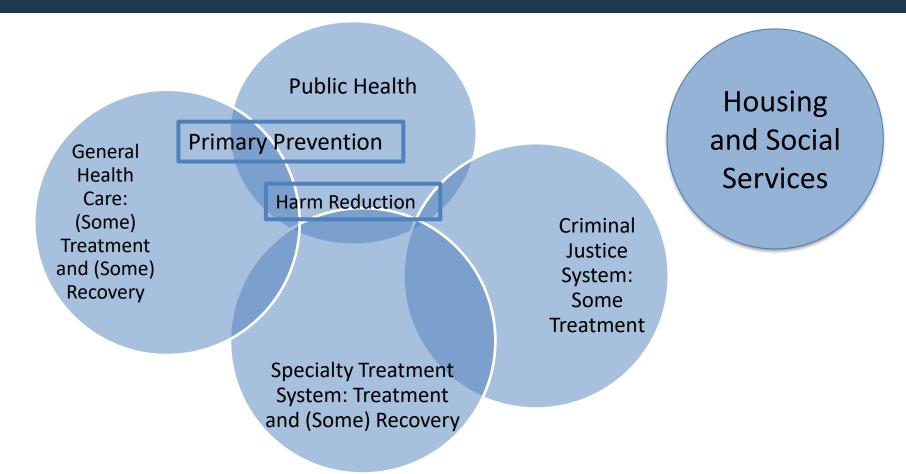
# A National Snapshot on Overdose and Substance Use Disorders



- Overdose remains a leading cause of injury-related death, with more than 109,000 lives lost (Jan. 2023).
  - In 2022, provisional data found 68% of the 107,000 fatal overdoses involved synthetic opioids, primarily **illicitly manufactured fentanyl.**
  - Xylazine is an adulterant increasingly found in the illicit drug supply.
    - Among overdose deaths reported during January—December 2021, a total of 5.3% had xylazine detected on postmortem toxicology and xylazine was listed as a cause of death in 79.0% of deaths in which it was detected
  - Stimulants are increasingly adulterated with illicitly manufactured fentanyl.
    - In 2021, 81.9% of deaths involved at least one opioid and 54.2% involved at least one stimulant
- Among people aged 12 or older in 2021, 57.8% (or 161.8 million people) used tobacco, alcohol, or an illicit drug in the past month. 14.3% (or 40.0 million people) reported use of an illicit drug.
- Only 3.2% of these people felt that they needed treatment.
- 7 in 10 adults who had a substance use problem considered themselves to be in recovery or recovering.



# **Challenge: Uncoordinated Systems Encountering People with SUD**



In the community: people living with SUD at different stages of recovery and their families with many trying to navigate their way through barely coordinated systems.



# **Possible Goal from CSAT Perspective**

**Public Health Primary Prevention Harm Reduction** General **Healthcare: Specialty Treatment and Treatment** Recovery System: Treatment and Recovery

**CSAT's Work: Expand access to and** quality of effective care in a coordinated, integrated system that includes general healthcare and specialty treatment settings (and for now public safety, housing, and social services) to save and improve the lives of people with substance use disorders and related conditions, grounded in recovery and equity.

In the community: With family, people living with SUDs at different stages of recovery, no wrong door to services, and (they get to fill in the blank).



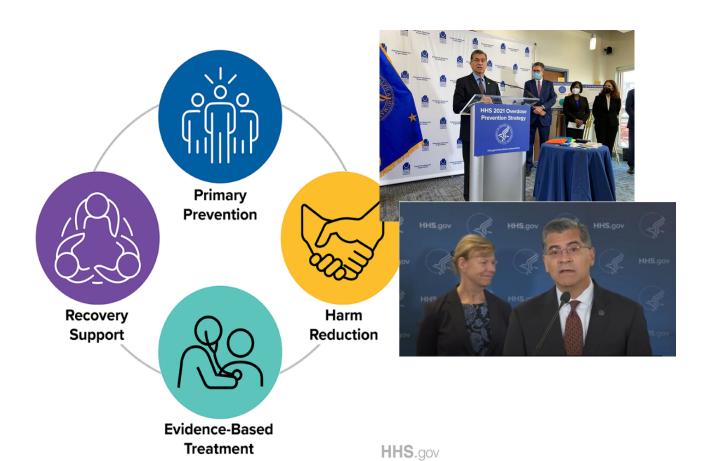
# **SAMHSA's Priorities and Core Principles**





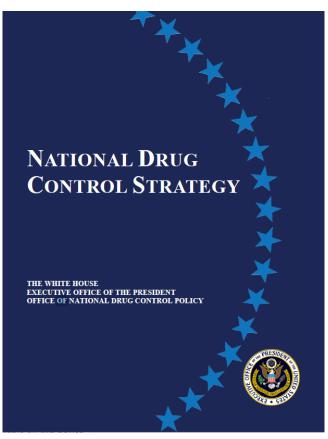
# **Guiding Frameworks**

#### **HHS Overdose Prevention Strategy**



https://www.hhs.gov/overdose-prevention/

#### White House Strategy



https://www.whitehouse.gov/wp-content/uploads/2022/04/National-Drug-Control-2022Strategy.pdf



# **Addressing Overdose Through Improved Policy**

- Policy changes are presenting new opportunities
- DEA temporarily extended the COVID-19 telemedicine flexibilities to prescribe controlled medications
- FDA approved over-the-counter naloxone nasal spray
- President Biden signed into law
   H.R. 2617, the "Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023"

Mainstreaming Addiction Treatment (MAT) Act	Medication Access and Training Expansion Act (MATE)
Removes the DATA-2000 Waiver to prescribe buprenorphine	Requirement for a non-recurring, 8-hour training on SUD for practitioners applying for registration from the DEA
Lifts caps on number of patients who can be treated; removes counseling and reporting requirements	Met through addiction board certification, as part of or post-healthcare professional degree training

Implementation of MAT and MATE requires close collaboration and coordination between the Department of Justice/Drug Enforcement Administration, and Health and Human Services/SAMHSA



# 2023 - Current Status of DATA-2000 Waiver

 "With this provision, and effective immediately, SAMHSA will no longer be accepting NOIs (waiver applications)."

 "All practitioners who have a current DEA registration that includes Schedule III authority, may now prescribe buprenorphine for Opioid Use Disorder in their practice if permitted by applicable state law and SAMHSA encourages them to do so."

Additional FAQs added April 25, 2023



# **Section 1263 (MATE Act) Actions To Date**

# Requirements for training for Medication Assisted Treatment as part of the MATE Act (PDF) (March 27, 2023)

Please see the letter which outlines the requirements for training for Medication Assisted Treatment as part of the MATE Act, which was part of the Omnibus Bill at the end of December 2022. DEA was given 90 days to let practitioners know how to meet the MATE Act's training requirement which is tied to their initial or renewal DEA registration beginning on June 27, 2023. This letter provides the information to the practitioners as to how they can meet those training requirements.

**Guidance / Questions and Answers** 

- Updated DEA Registration Certificate after Removal of X-Waiver
- Buprenorphine (MOUD) Q&A
- Registration Q&A

https://www.samhsa.gov/medic ations-substance-usedisorders/provider-supportservices/recommendationscurricular-elements-substanceuse-disorders-training https://www.deadiversion.usdoj .gov/pubs/docs/index.html

Training requirement effective as of June 27, 2023



### **SAMHSA Actions to Reduce Barriers**

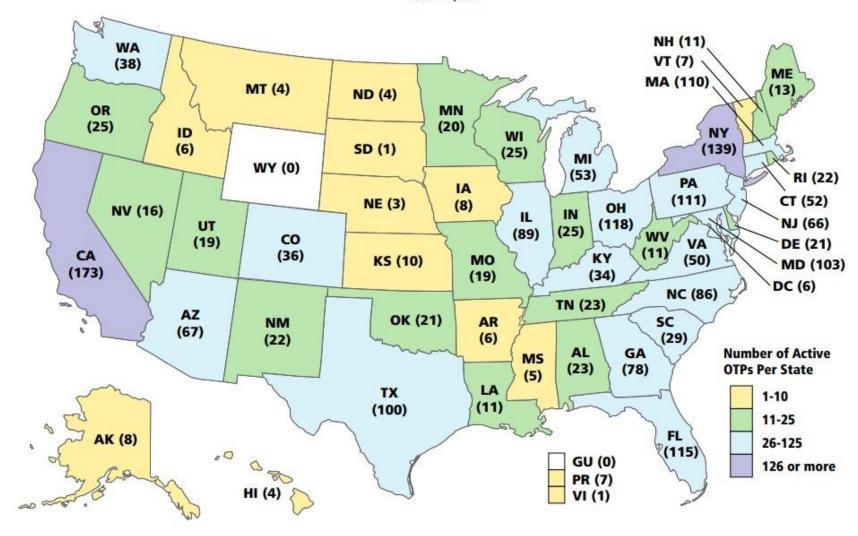




# **Opioid Treatment Program Growth**

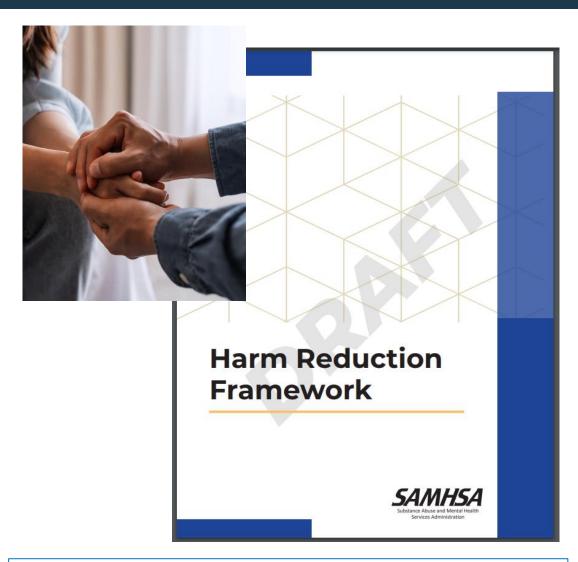
#### **SAMHSA Certified Opioid Treatment Programs**

Total=2,054





### **Addressing Overdose Through Harm Reduction**



https://www.samhsa.gov/find-help/harm-reduction/framework-comment-form

#### **Finalizing Harm Reduction Framework**

- Result of first-ever collaborative Harm Reduction Summit
- Established to inform harm reduction activities, policies, programs, and practices

# Innovative and community-based harm reduction strategies continue

- ✓ Lives are being saved
- ✓ Social determinants of health being addressed
- Cultural humility and traditions incorporated
- Infectious diseases prevented
- Community partnerships formed
- Policies updated
- ✓ Innovative practices implemented
- Increasing access to care
- Access to live-saving supplies increasing
- Stigma and community education being addressed



# **Naloxone Saturation Plans**



https://www.mlive.com/news/muskegon/2021/12/vending-machine-stocked-with-free-narcan-aims-to-curb-overdose-deaths-in-muskegon.html



Source: FDA



State Opioid Response Learning Community: Strengthening State Naloxone Saturation Plans and Implementation

July 18<sup>th</sup> and 19<sup>th</sup>: 10 State Naloxone Saturation Policy Academy



CANADA

https://www.indystar.com/story/news/201 8/05/05/indiana-health-officials-give-freenaloxone-prevent-overdoses/AMHSA deaths/582337002/

### Addressing Overdose: State and Tribal Opioid Response (SOR/TOR)

- Approximately 489,755 overdoses were reversed
- Program received nearly \$1.5 billion
- Data show that there was a 22.8% increase in SOR clients who reported no alcohol or illegal drug-related health, behavioral, or social consequences in the last 30 days.
- Community naloxone saturation is our goal

#### To date\*, SOR and TOR grant recipients:

- Purchased more than 7.8 million naloxone kits
- Distributed about 7.3 million naloxone kits
- Distributed about 1.7 million fentanyl test strips



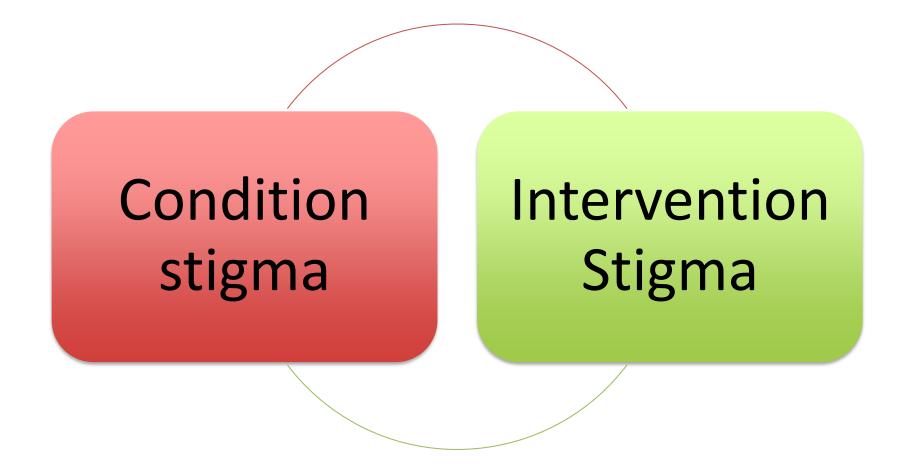
# The Challenge of Stigma

# SUDs carry a high burden of stigma

- People with SUD are
  - less likely to seek treatment
  - more likely to drop out of treatment
- SUD is among the most stigmatized conditions in the US and around the world
- Health care providers treat patients who have SUDs differently
- People with a SUD who expect or experience stigma have poorer outcomes



# **Additional Stigma in SUD**



Medications for Opioid Use Disorder are often the focus of intervention stigma

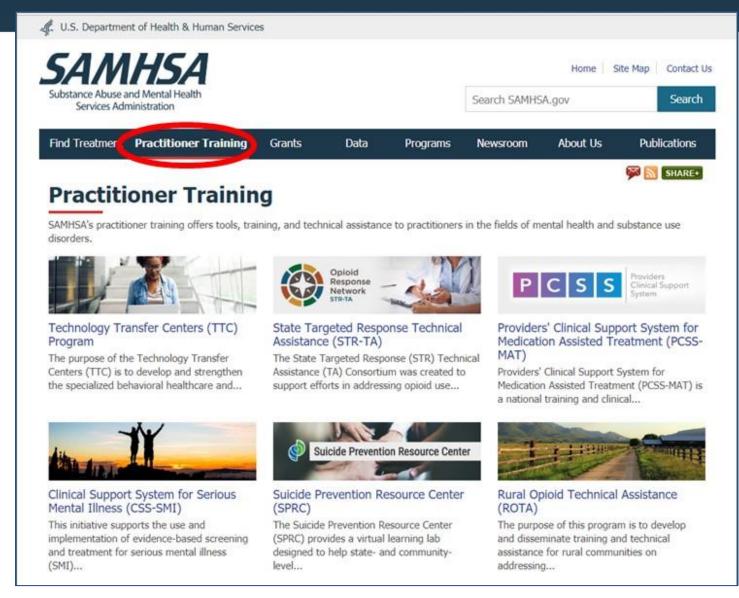


# **Intervention Stigma Examples**

- People taking methadone for OUD have been denied:
  - Custody rights of their children
  - Access to housing and shelter
  - Admission to residential SUD treatment facilities
  - Acceptance by subacute skilled nursing facilities
- Remedy: Department of Justice guidance on American With Disabilities Act



### **SAMHSA** website – Practitioner Training



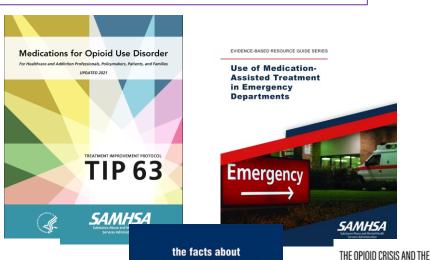


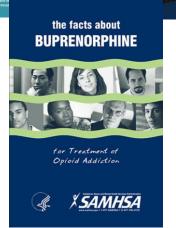
#### **SAMHSA Resources**

The SAMHSA Evidence-Based Practice Resource Center (EBRC) contains resources for a range of audiences related to best practices for the treatment of OUD/SUDs

www.samhsa.gov/resource-search/ebp





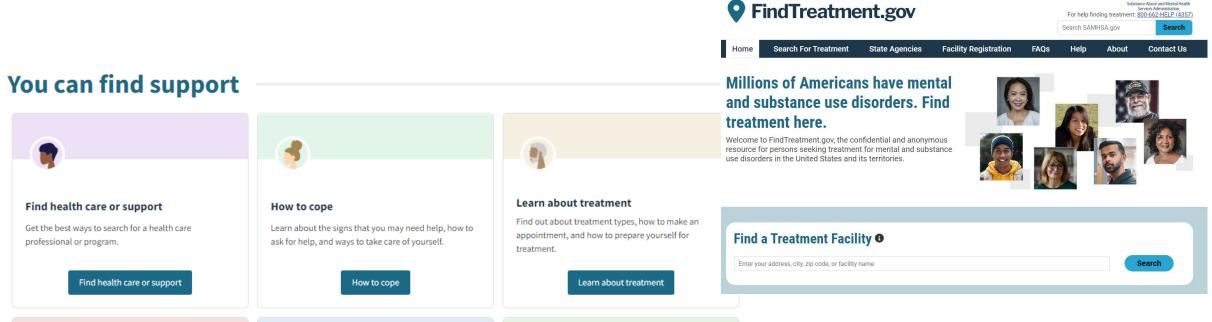




Substance Use Disorder Treatment for People With Co-Occurring Disorders

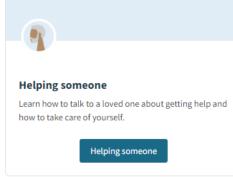


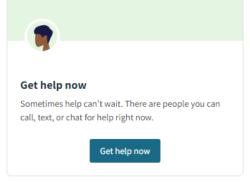
#### Resources



How to pay for treatment
Find options for covering costs with or without insurance, including free and low-cost programs.

How to pay for treatment



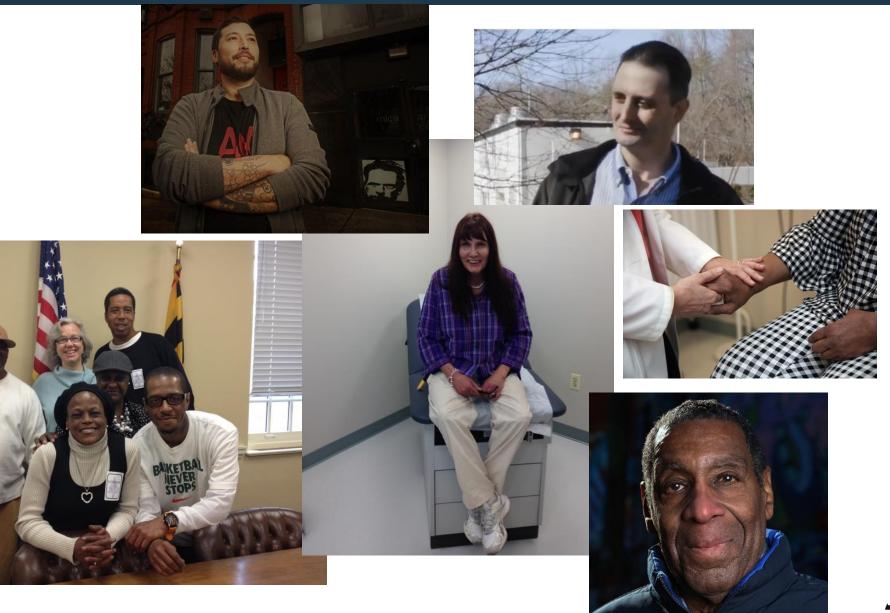


Find Treatment www.findtreatment.gov

Find Health Care or Support www.findsupport.gov

SANHSA
Substance Abuse and Mental Health
Services Administration

# **Some of My Inspirations**





#### Thank You!

SAMHSA's mission is to lead public health and service delivery efforts that promote mental health, prevent substance misuse, and provide treatments and supports to foster recovery while ensuring equitable access and better outcomes.

#### **Grant Opportunities**

www.samhsa.gov/grants www.grants.gov/web/grants

988 Suicide and Crisis Lifeline Toolkit

www.samhsa.gov/find-help/988/partner-toolkit





